1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)
4	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
5	HOUSE BILL NO. 1621 By: Worthen
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8	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
9	An Act relating to criminal procedure; amending 22
10	O.S. 2021, Section 1161, which relates to insanity of accused; modifying memberships of the Forensic Review
11	Board; and providing an effective date.
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
14	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 1161, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	Section 1161. A. 1. An act committed by a person in a state
17	of mental illness or mental defect shall be adjudicated as guilty
18	with mental defect or as not guilty by reason of mental illness.
19	2. If a person is found guilty with mental defect or enters a
20	plea of guilty with mental defect which is accepted by the court,
21	the court at the time of sentencing shall impose any sentence that
22	could be imposed by law upon a person who is convicted of the same
23	offense, and the person shall serve the sentence in custody of a
24	county jail or the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.

1 3. If a person who is found quilty with mental defect is placed 2 on probation under the jurisdiction of the sentencing court as 3 provided by law, the court shall immediately issue an order for the 4 person to be examined by the Department of Mental Health and 5 Substance Abuse Services. The time and place of such examination shall be determined by the Department. Within forty-five (45) days, 6 7 the Department shall provide to the court a recommendation of treatment for the person, which shall be made a condition of 8 9 probation. Reports as specified by the trial judge shall be filed 10 with the probation officer and the sentencing court. Failure to 11 continue treatment, except by agreement with the treating agency and 12 the sentencing court, is grounds for revocation of probation. 13 Treatment shall be provided by an agency of the Department or, with 14 the approval of the sentencing court and at the expense of the 15 person, by private agencies, private physicians or other mental 16 health personnel. A psychiatric report shall be filed with the 17 probation officer and the sentencing court every six (6) months 18 during the period of probation.

4. When in any criminal action by indictment or information, the defense of mental illness is raised, but the defendant is not acquitted on the ground that the defendant was mentally ill at the time of the commission of the crime charged, an issue concerning such defense may be raised on appeal. If the appellate court finds relief is required, the appellate court shall not have authority to 1 modify the judgment or sentence, but will only have the authority to 2 order a new trial or order resentencing without recommendations to 3 sentencing.

4 5. When in any criminal action by indictment or information the 5 defense of mental illness is interposed either singly or in conjunction with some other defense, the jury shall state in the 6 7 verdict, if it is one of acquittal, whether or not the defendant is acquitted on the ground of mental illness. When the defendant is 8 9 acquitted on the ground that the defendant was mentally ill at the 10 time of the commission of the crime charged, the person shall not be 11 discharged from custody until the court has made a determination 12 that the person is not dangerous to the public peace and safety and 13 is a person requiring treatment.

B. 1. To assist the court in its determination, the court shall immediately issue an order for the person to be examined by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services at a facility the Department has designated to examine and treat forensic individuals. Upon the issuance of the order, the sheriff shall deliver the person to the designated facility.

20 2. Within forty-five (45) days of the court entering such an
21 order, a hearing shall be conducted by the court to ascertain
22 whether the person is dangerous to the public peace or safety
23 because the person is a person requiring treatment or, if not, is in
24 need of continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of

1 mental illness or a history of treatment noncompliance. During the 2 required period of hospitalization the Department of Mental Health 3 and Substance Abuse Services shall have the person examined by two 4 qualified psychiatrists or one such psychiatrist and one qualified 5 clinical psychologist whose training and experience enable the 6 professional to form expert opinions regarding mental illness, 7 competency, dangerousness and criminal responsibility.

8 C. 1. Each examiner shall, within thirty-five (35) days of 9 hospitalization, individually prepare and submit to the court, the 10 district attorney and the trial counsel of the person a report of 11 the psychiatric examination findings of the person and an evaluation 12 concerning whether the person is dangerous to the public peace or 13 safety.

14 2. If the court is dissatisfied with the reports or if a 15 disagreement on the issue of mental illness and dangerousness exists 16 between the two examiners, the court may designate one or more 17 additional examiners and have them submit their findings and 18 evaluations as specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection. 19 3. Within ten (10) days after the reports are filed, the a. 20 court must conduct a hearing to determine the present 21 condition of the person as to the issue of whether: 22 (1)the person is dangerous to the public peace or 23 safety because the person is a person requiring 24 treatment, or

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(2) if not believed to be dangerous to the public
 peace or safety, the person is in need of
 continued supervision as a result of unresolved
 symptoms of mental illness or a history of
 treatment noncompliance.

b. The district attorney must establish the foregoing by
a preponderance of the evidence. At this hearing the
person shall have the assistance of counsel and may
present independent evidence.

D. 1. If the court finds that the person is not dangerous to the public peace or safety because the person is a person requiring treatment and is not in need of continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of treatment noncompliance, it shall immediately discharge the person from hospitalization.

16 2. If the court finds that the person is dangerous to the 17 public peace and safety, it shall commit the person to the custody 18 of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services. 19 The person shall then be subject to discharge pursuant to the 20 procedure set forth in this section.

a. During the period of hospitalization, the Department
 of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services may
 administer or cause to be administered to the person

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such psychiatric, medical or other therapeutic
 treatment as in its judgment should be administered.
 b. The person shall be subject to discharge or
 conditional release pursuant to the procedures set
 forth in this section.

E. If at any time the court finds the person is not dangerous
to the public peace or safety because the person is a person
requiring treatment, but is in need of continued supervision as a
result of unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of
treatment noncompliance, the court may:

11 1. Discharge the person pursuant to the procedure set forth in 12 this section;

Discharge the person, and upon the motion of the court or
 the district attorney commence civil involuntary commitment
 proceedings against the person pursuant to the provisions of Title
 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes; or

17 3. Order conditional release, as set forth in subsection F of18 this section.

F. There is hereby created a Forensic Review Board to be composed of seven (7) members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Board members shall serve for a term of five (5) years except that for members first appointed to the Board: one shall serve for a term ending December 31, 2008, two shall serve for a term ending December 31, 2009, two shall serve a 1 term ending December 31, 2010, and two shall serve for a term ending
2 December 31, 2011.

3	1. The l	Board shall be composed of:
4	a.	four licensed mental health professionals with
5		experience in treating mental illness , at least one of
6		whom is licensed as a Doctor of Medicine, a Doctor of
7		Osteopathy, or a licensed clinical psychologist and
8		who shall be appointed from a list of seven names
9		submitted to the Governor by the Department of Mental
10		Health and Substance Abuse Services,
11	b.	one member who shall be an attorney licensed to
12		practice in this state and shall be appointed from a
13		list of not less than three names submitted to the
14		Governor by the Board of Governors of the Oklahoma Bar
15		Association,
16	C.	one member who shall be a retired judge licensed to
17		practice in this state and shall be appointed from a
18		list of not less than three names submitted to the
19		Covernor by the Judicial Nominating Committee, and
20	d.	one
21	<u>b.</u>	three at-large members members.
22	The attorney	and retired judge members of the Board shall be
23	prohibited f:	rom representing in the courts of this state persons
24	charged with	felony offenses while serving on the Board.

1 2. The Board shall meet as necessary to determine which 2 individuals confined with the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services are eligible for therapeutic visits, 3 4 conditional release or discharge and whether the Board wishes to 5 make such a recommendation to the court of the county where the 6 individual was found not guilty by reason of insanity or not guilty 7 by reason of mental illness for those persons adjudicated as such upon or after November 1, 2016. 8

9 a. Forensic Review Board meetings shall not be considered
10 subject to the Oklahoma Open Meeting Act and are not
11 open to the public. Other than the Forensic Review
12 Board members, only the following individuals shall be
13 permitted to attend Board meetings:

- 14 (1) the individual the Board is considering for
 15 therapeutic visits, conditional release or
 16 discharge, his or her treatment advocate, and
 17 members of his or her treatment team,
 - (2) the Commissioner of Mental Health and SubstanceAbuse Services or designee,
- 20 (3) the Advocate General for the Department of Mental
 21 Health and Substance Abuse Services or designee,
 22 (4) the General Counsel for the Department of Mental
 23 Health and Substance Abuse Services or designee,
 24 and

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- (5) any other persons the Board and Commissioner of
 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services wish
 to be present.
- 4 The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse b. 5 Services shall provide administrative staff to the Board to take minutes of meetings and prepare 6 7 necessary documents and correspondence for the Board to comply with its duties as set forth in this 8 9 section. The Department of Mental Health and 10 Substance Abuse Services shall also transport the 11 individuals being reviewed to and from the Board 12 meeting site.
- 13 c. The Board shall promulgate rules concerning the
 14 granting and structure of therapeutic visits,
 15 conditional releases and discharge.
- d. For purposes of this subsection, "therapeutic visit"
 means a scheduled time period off campus which
 provides for progressive tests of the ability of the
 consumer to maintain and demonstrate coping skills.

3. The Forensic Review Board shall submit any recommendation for therapeutic visit, conditional release or discharge to the court and district attorney of the county where the person was found not guilty by reason of mental illness, the trial counsel of the person,

1 the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services and the 2 person at least fourteen (14) days prior to the scheduled visit.

- a. The district attorney may file an objection to a
 recommendation for a therapeutic visit within ten (10)
 days of receipt of the notice.
- b. If an objection is filed, the therapeutic visit is
 stayed until a hearing is held. The court shall hold
 a hearing not less than ten (10) days following an
 objection to determine whether the therapeutic visit
 is necessary for treatment, and if necessary, the
 nature and extent of the visit.

4. During the period of hospitalization the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall submit an annual report on the status of the person to the court, the district attorney and the patient advocate general of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.

G. Upon motion by the district attorney or upon a recommendation for conditional release or discharge by the Forensic Review Board, the court shall conduct a hearing to ascertain if the person is dangerous and a person requiring treatment. This hearing shall be conducted under the same procedure as the first hearing and must occur not less than ten (10) days following the motion or request by the Forensic Review Board.

If the court determines that the person continues to be
 dangerous to the public peace and safety because the person is a
 person requiring treatment, it shall order the return of the person
 to the hospital for additional treatment.

5 2. If the court determines that the person is not dangerous but
6 subject to certain conditions, the court may conditionally release
7 the person subject to the following:

the Forensic Review Board has made a recommendation 8 a. 9 for conditional release, including a written plan for outpatient treatment and a list of recommendations for 10 11 the court to place as conditions on the release, 12 b. in its order of conditional release, the court shall 13 specify conditions of release and shall direct the 14 appropriate agencies or persons to submit annual 15 reports regarding the compliance of the person with 16 the conditions of release and progress in treatment, 17 с. the person must agree, in writing, that during the 18 period the person is granted conditional release and 19 is subject to the provisions thereof, there shall be 20 free transmission of all pertinent information, 21 including clinical information regarding the person, 22 among the Department of Mental Health and Substance 23 Abuse Services, the appropriate community mental

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health centers and the appropriate district attorneys, law enforcement and court personnel,

the order of the court placing the person on 3 d. conditional release shall include notice that the 4 5 conditional release of the person may be revoked upon good cause. The person placed on conditional release 6 7 shall remain under the supervision of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services until 8 9 the committing court enters a final discharge order. 10 The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse 11 Services shall assess the person placed on conditional 12 release annually and shall have the authority to 13 recommend discharge of the person to the Board, and 14 any agency or individual involved in providing e. 15 treatment with regard to the conditional release plan 16 of the person may prepare and file an affidavit under 17 oath if the agency or individual believes that the 18 person has failed to comply with the conditions of 19 release or that such person has progressed to the 20 point that inpatient care is appropriate. 21 (1)Any peace officer who receives such an affidavit

> shall take the person into protective custody and return the person to the forensic unit of the state hospital.

1 (2) A hearing shall be conducted within three (3) 2 days, excluding holidays and weekends, after the person is returned to the forensic unit of the 3 4 state hospital to determine if the person has 5 violated the conditions of release, or if full-6 time hospitalization is the least restrictive 7 alternative consistent with the needs of the 8 person and the need for public safety. Notice of 9 the hearing shall be issued, at least twenty-four 10 (24) hours before the hearing, to the hospital 11 superintendent, the person, trial counsel for the 12 person, and the patient advocate general of the 13 Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse 14 Services. If the person requires hospitalization 15 because of a violation of the conditions of 16 release or because of progression to the point 17 that inpatient care is appropriate, the court may 18 then modify the conditions of release.

19 3. If the court determines that the person is not dangerous to 20 the public peace or safety because the person is not a person 21 requiring treatment, it shall order that the person be discharged 22 from the custody of the Department of Mental Health and Substance 23 Abuse Services.

24 H. As used in this section:

1. "Antisocial personality disorder" means antisocial
 2 personality disorder as defined by the Diagnostic and Statistical
 3 Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), or subsequent
 4 editions;

5 2. "Court" or "sentencing court" means the court sitting in the 6 county where the person has been found to be not guilty by reason of 7 mental illness or guilty with mental defect;

3. "Dangerous" means a person who because of mental illness
poses a substantial risk of physical harm in the near future to
another person or persons. Dangerousness shall be determined by
such factors as whether the person has placed another person or
persons in a reasonable fear of violent behavior, and medication and
treatment compliance;

4. "Guilty with mental defect" means the person committed the act and was either unable to understand the nature and consequences of his or her actions or was unable to differentiate right from wrong, and has been diagnosed with antisocial personality disorder which substantially contributed to the act for which the person has been charged;

20 5. "Mental defect" means the person has been diagnosed with 21 antisocial personality disorder which substantially contributed to 22 the act for which the person has been charged;

6. "Mental illness" means a substantial disorder of thought,
mood, perception, psychological orientation or memory that

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1	significantly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to recognize
2	reality or ability to meet the ordinary demands of life;
3	7. "Not guilty by reason of mental illness" means the person
4	committed the act while mentally ill and was either unable to
5	understand the nature and consequences of his or her actions or was
6	unable to differentiate right from wrong, and has not been diagnosed
7	with antisocial personality disorder which substantially contributed
8	to the act for which the person has been charged; and
9	8. a. "Person requiring treatment" means a person who
10	because of mental illness:
11	(1) poses a substantial risk of physical harm to self
12	as manifested by evidence or serious threats of
13	or attempts at suicide or other significant self-
14	inflicted bodily harm,
15	(2) poses a substantial risk of physical harm to
16	another person or persons as manifested by
17	evidence of violent behavior directed toward
18	another person or persons,
19	(3) has placed another person or persons in
20	reasonable fear of serious physical harm or
21	violent behavior directed toward such person or
22	persons as manifested by serious and immediate
23	threats,
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is in a condition of severe deterioration such 1 (4) 2 that, without immediate intervention, there exists a substantial risk that severe impairment 3 4 or injury will result to the person, or 5 (5) poses a substantial risk of serious physical 6 injury to self or death as manifested by evidence 7 that the person is unable to provide for and is not providing for his or her basic physical 8 9 needs. 10 The mental health or substance abuse history of the b. 11 person may be used as part of the evidence to 12 determine whether the person is a person requiring treatment. The mental health or substance abuse 13 14 history of the person shall not be the sole basis for 15 this determination. 16 Unless a person also meets the criteria established in с. 17 subparagraph a of this paragraph, "person requiring 18 treatment" shall not mean: 19 a person whose mental processes have been (1)20 weakened or impaired by reason of advanced years, 21 dementia or Alzheimer's disease, 22 (2) a person with intellectual or developmental 23 disability as defined in Title 10 of the Oklahoma 24 Statutes,

1	(3) a person with seizure disorder, or
2	(4) a person with a traumatic brain injury.
3	I. Proceedings hereunder may be held in conformance with the
4	provisions of Section 3006 of Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes for
5	allowable use of videoconferencing.
6	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2023.
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8	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY - CRIMINAL, dated 03/01/2023 - DO PASS, As Amended.
9	03/01/2023 D0 FASS, AS Allended.
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